

After repulsing the enemy from Spottsylvania this morning, he received reinforcements, and renewed the attack on our position, but was again handsomely driven back.

Another telegram from Gen. Lee says: "The enemy have abandoned their position, and are marching towards Fredericksburg." This news is favorably construed in official circles.

FROM WESTERN VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, May 9.—An unofficial telegraph from Harrisonburg, Va., says that authentic intelligence had been received there that McNeil's Confederate partizan struck the line of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad at Piedmont on Saturday, destroying the railroad bridge, the machine shops and nine locomotives. The damage will amount to several millions of dollars.

We have information from Lynchburg that Averill has concentrated 8000 cavalry and infantry in the Kanawha Valley, with the intention of making a raid on the Salt Works in Washington County.

FROM THE UNITED STATES.

The Pennsylvania troops, whose terms expire in May, have notified the Government that they will not obey the order recently issued continuing them in service until July 1st.

A rupture in the Yankee Cabinet is reported, and Chase is said to have resigned.

Gold closed on the 5th, at 180.

FROM EUROPE.

On the 18th the Prussians assaulted and carried the Danish works at Duppel. Losses heavy on both sides. The Danes retreated to the island of Alsøen. The conference regarding the Danish-German war was to meet on the 20th.

The steamer Bayaria, from Hamburg for New York, was captured on the 17th, by a Danish frigate.

Maximilian had sailed for Mexico.

The steamship Alexandra had been released and given back to her owners.

It was reported that Garibaldi would leave England immediately, at the instance of the Government.

The London Times attributes the rally of the Confederate loan and the reaction in the Paris Bourse to the action of the Yankee House of Representatives, on the Mexican question. Cotton had advanced 14d. Breadstuffs were dull.

THE MEETING OF CONGRESS.—More than the usual interest is felt in its assembling from the fact that it is a new Congress, and composed, in a great measure, of new men. For instance, Georgia returns but one of her old delegation, and North Carolina but three. The House is composed of one hundred and five members, and some forty-three or more of these are new members. Virginia has sixteen members, North Carolina ten, South Carolina six, Georgia ten, Florida two, Alabama nine, Mississippi seven, Louisiana six, Arkansas four, Texas six, Missouri six, Tennessee eleven, Kentucky twelve—making, in all, one hundred and five members. There are three delegates admitted to seats in the body—one from Arizona, one from the Cherokee nation, and one from the Choctaw nation.—*Examiner*.

IMPORTANT ARRIVALS.—We have information of the safe arrival at a Confederate port, recently opened to blockade runners, of four vessels heavily laden with stores, clothing, arms, ammunition, etc., of immense value to the Government. Among the provisions brought in was three million pounds of bacon and five hundred bags of coffee.—*Mercury*.

Lieut. Flusser, of the Yankee gunboat *Albemarle*, at Plymouth, N. C., was killed by the rebound of a shell fired by himself against the side of our ram *Albemarle*. The two vessels were but half a length apart, and the fragments of the shell pierced his chest, face and skull, horribly mutilating him. His fate is not deplored by the people of that section, upon whom he was accustomed to practice every species of oppression and insult.

KISSING.—An impudent youth had been amusing himself by exhibiting the following lines to some ladies recently:

"Men scorn to kiss among themselves,
And scarce would kiss a brother;
But women want to kiss so bad,
They kiss and kiss each other."

Whereupon a young lady pencilled this reply on the back of an envelope, and left it for the fool's instruction:

"Men do not kiss among themselves,
And it's well that they refrain;
The bitter dose won't vex them so,
They would never kiss again."

As sometimes on poor woman's lip
Is applied this nauseous lotion,
We have to kiss among ourselves
As a counteracting potion."

The amount of provisions secured by the fall of Plymouth is said to be far greater than any one had supposed, and the country opened to us will furnish enough to feed a large army for many months to come.

SHARP PRACTICE.—The Charleston correspondent of an exchange writes as follows:

The men in this department have been getting ten day furloughs for each recruit they bring into the field. Considerable talking, some writing and much of a struggle has been going on, with the view of thus gaining the privilege of "going home." Some days since, a soldier, whose furlough had expired, and whose persuasive eloquence had been exhausted in the vain effort to procure a recruit, blessed his luck and started for camp. On the road, fortune smiled: he "picked up" a youth who desired to volunteer, but, like himself, had empty pockets, no transportation and "nary" passport. The furlough must be made; so he took the youth "in tow," entered the train, secured a seat and set his wits to work. He soon hit upon a plan, left verdant to take charge of the seat, entered the next car and bawled, "Passports?" In an instant—in the twinkling of an eye—a great fidgeting and fumbling took place—every hand eagerly sought a pocket, and the aforesaid documents were produced. He examined them, asked many questions, kept one, and passed on to the next car, assumed the importance of the conductor, and shouted, "Tickets!" They were brought forth, examined and one retained. Thus ticket and passport were secured, recruit taken to camp, and ten days at home realized by the audacious chap in grey.

It will be seen, from the following list of Yankee military, Smith, which we clip from the Louisville Journal, that the Smith fraternity is a martial family:

Major Gen. Charles L. Smith.
Major Gen. W. F. Smith.
Brig. Gen. W. Leroy Smith.
Brig. Gen. Giles A. Smith.
Brig. Gen. A. J. Smith.
Brig. Gen. M. E. Smith.
Brig. Gen. G. Clay Smith.
Brig. Gen. John E. Smith.

Between three and four hundred negro women and children, who had been taken from their legal owners, were recaptured at Plymouth. The men were either killed in battle, or made their way to the swamps and forests. Many of the latter will no doubt be taken. A Yankee Lieutenant, who was in command of the negro forces, has, by order of General Halleck, been confined with the negro women and children.

The waters of Albemarle Sound are in our quiet possession. The fisheries are worked with great results by the people.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Mr. EDITOR: As the time is approaching when the people of Kershaw District, will have to select, those who will represent them, in the ensuing Legislature we respectfully recommend the following gentlemen as candidates.

For Senator.
Maj. A. H. BOYKIN
For Representative.
Maj. J. M. DESAUSSURE,
Capt. W. Z. LEITNER.

By inserting the above, you will oblige
April 18. MANY VOTERS.

For Representative.

We are authorized to announce Col. A. D. GOODWYN, as a candidate for the Legislature at the ensuing election.

April 22. If

Mr. EDITOR: You will please announce Capt. WILLIAM CLYBURN, as a candidate for reelection as clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, for Kershaw District, and obliges MANY FRIENDS.

April 23. We are requested to announce Mr. WM. T. WILSON as a candidate for Clerk of the Court at the next election.

MARCH 21.

MARRIED.

By the Rev. J. R. Rodgers, on the 11th instant, Mr. T. J. JOSEY to Miss ELIZABETH THOMPSON, all of Kershaw District.

NOTICE.

DR. T. W. SALMOND, has resumed the practice of his profession in the Town of Camden and its vicinity. Office on Main street.

May 13. It

NOTICE.

THREE months after this date, application will be made to the Bank of Camden So. Ga., to issue a duplicate certificate for two shares of stock of said Bank, No. 1509, July 1, 1859, standing in the name of Sarah Clift—the original being lost.

JNO. M. DESAUSSURE,

May 13. 3m Executor.

NOTICE.

FROM My previous on Tuesday 10th inst., a black mare MULE, a liberal reward will be paid for her delivery or such information as will lead to her recovery, by JOSEPH H. OPPENHEIM.

May 13. 1 Secretary.

HEADQUARTERS.

COMMISSARY-GENERAL'S DEPT., S. C.

COLUMBIA, May 4, 1864.

THE attention of the public is respectfully called to the following notice:

Under the Act of 10th April, 1863, a central distillery was established at Columbia, and the below named agents, all of whom have filed their bonds in this department, were appointed in the several Districts and Parishes to sell spirits to applicants under certain regulations, viz:

1st. The spirits are delivered by this department only to regularly bonded agents, who alone are authorized to sell and distribute the same, for current funds.

2d. The spirits are to be sold only for strictly medicinal purposes and only on the certificate of a regular practising physician that they are required for strictly medicinal purposes; and the written pledge of the purchaser (which must in all cases be taken) that they are so required, and will be so used.

3d. Agents and others are not allowed to charge an advance of more than 25 per cent. on the cost of the spirits, (which is \$5 per gallon for whiskey, at the distillery,) as per section 3, Act 10th April, 1863, the language of which is:

"That it shall not be lawful for apothecaries, physicians, or other persons, who shall purchase or procure any portion of the alcohol or spirituous liquors distilled by the authority aforesaid, to resell or dispose of the same, in any quantity, to any person or persons, for any other than strictly medicinal purposes, or at an advance of more than 25 per centum on its cost; and any person who shall violate the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction, be imprisoned for any time not exceeding six months, and fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars."

4th. Agents are recommended to sell in small quantities, not exceeding one gallon to any one person at a time.

Agents are informed that they will be supplied with spirits, in turn, as fast as same is received from the central distillery, on application to this department and payment of cost, including expense of packing for shipment, freight, &c. Not more than one barrel of forty to fifty gallons will be sent to any agent at any one time.

All persons to whose knowledge a violation of the third section of Act 10th April, 1863, reprinted above, may come, are requested to make affidavit of the facts before any magistrate, and forward same to this department.

Persons desirous of being appointed agents in any of the Districts or Parishes in which no appointments have been made, will send their application to this department, recommended by the delegation of their District or Parish, which will be submitted to his Excellency the Governor for approval and confirmation.

LIST OF AGENTS.

Edwin Parker, Abbeville District—Post Office, Abbeville C. H.

Anderson District—Post Office.

Barnwell District—Post Office.

Samuel Solomon, Beaufort District—Post Office, Robertsville.

Charleston District—Post office.

John May, Colleton District—Post Office, St. George's.

D. J. McRae, Chesterfield District—Post Office, Chester.

Chester District—Post Office.

Clementon District—Post Office.

Flem Hart, Darlington District—Post Office, Darlington C. H.

G. L. Penn, Edgefield District—Post Office, Edgefield C. H.

W. E. Alken, Fairfield District—Post Office, Winnsboro.

R. D. Long, Greenville District—Post Office, Greenville C. H.

R. G. White, Georgetown District—Post Office, Georgetown.

W. McKinney, Kershaw District—Post Office, Camden.

Jones Creekett, Lancaster District—Post Office, Lancaster C. H.

J. H. Henry and J. Ward Motte, Laurens District—Post Office, Laurens C. H.

H. J. Epling, Lexington District—Post Office, Hope Station.

J. A. Sutherland, Marlboro District—Post Office, Bennettsville.

S. S. Smith, Marion District—Post Office, Mullins' Depot.

Newberry District—Post Office.

I. W. Dash, Orangeburg District—Post Office, Orangeburg C. H.

Wm. Couch, Pickens District—Post Office, Pickens C. H.

E. A. Weaver, Richland District—Post Office, Columbia.

J. K. McElveen, Sumter District—Post Office, Shiloh.

C. B. Hammitt, Spartanburg District—Post Office, Hixonsville.

J. H. Hix, Union District—Post Office, Union C. H.

J. D. Harper, Williamsburg District—Post Office, Kingscote.

R. A. Black, York District—Post Office, Yorkville.

HEADQUARTERS.

COMMISSARY-GENERAL'S DEPT., S. C.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 4, 1864.

THE below named persons having executed and filed their bonds in this Department, in compliance with the requisitions of an Act to amend an Act, entitled "An Act to suppress the undue distillation of spirituous liquors in this State," passed 17th December 1863, are appointed by his Excellency the Governor agents to manufacture and sell a limited quantity of Alcohol and Whiskey, in the Districts named, to regularly practising physicians and registered druggists of said Districts, for medical purposes.

All other persons distilling in this State are doing so in direct violation of the law, and are amenable to its penalties.

It is the duty of all leaders of patrol to report all such persons and of all magistrates to seize and suppress their stills. All persons to whose knowledge a violation of the above named Act, by agents or others, may come, are requested to make affidavit of the facts before any magistrate, and forward the same to this Department.

Persons desirous of being appointed agents to manufacture and sell spirits in any of the Districts in which no appointments have been made, will send their applications, recommended by the delegation of their District, to this Department, when the same will be submitted to his Excellency the Governor for approval and confirmation:

Thos. Baking, Abbeville District—Post Office, Abbeville C. H.

A. Campbell, Anderson District—Post Office, Anderson C. H.

N. G. W. Walker, Barnwell District—Post Office, Barnwell C. H.

Beaufort District—Post Office.

B. D. Schur, Charleston District—Post Office, Charleston.

Colleton District—Post Office.

Jas. Massey, Chesterfield District—Post Office, Jefferson.

James Ford, Chester District—Post Office, Chester C. H.

W. S. Mitchell, Clarendon District—Post Office, Pinelands Mills.

J. J. Stuckey, Darlington District—Post Office, Darlington C. H.

W. B. Dorn, Edgefield District—Post Office, Longmire's.

E. B. Suber, Fairfield District—Post Office, Strother's.

J. P. Pool, Greenville District—Post Office, Greenville C. H.

Georgetown District—Post Office.

J. R. Cooper, Horry District—Post Office, Conway-boro.

D. H. Hix, Kershaw District—Post Office, Camden.

H. N. Carter, Laurens District—Post Office, Cross Hill.

B. A. Culp, Lancaster District—Post Office, Lancaster C. H.

H. J. Epling, Lexington District—Post Office, Hope Station.

W. L. Leggett, Marlboro District—Post Office, Bennettsville.

S. S. Smith, Marion District—Post Office, Mullins' Depot.

Newberry District—Post Office.

I. W. Dash, Orangeburg District—Post Office, Orangeburg C